

## LISTINGS, TAKEOVERS & DELISTING

NATIONAL JUDICIAL ACADEMY

**BHOPAL** 

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## Listing Agreement

- Once a bilateral contract, now elevated to statutory reference
  - no specific sanction for breach other than delisting
  - delisting for breach hurts investors
  - SCRA amended to bring reference to listing agreement
- Maintenance of minimum public shareholding
  - at least 25% has to be held by the public
- "Quarter se Quarter Tak" at times, a bigger qayamat
  - short-term financial reporting leads to volatile judgement
- Continuous disclosures of material developments
- Takeover Regulations, Insider Trading & Delisting Regulations



## Takeover Regulations

- Obligation to make an open offer to buy shares from the public
  - on holding reaching 25% or more Reg. 3(1)
  - on holding crossing 5% in a financial year up to maximum non-public limit Reg. 3(2)
    - available to holders of 25% or more
    - 5% computation is on a gross basis
  - on change of control regardless of acquisition of shares Reg. 4
- Indirect Acquisition ability to exercise or direct exercise of voting rights held - Reg. 5
  - Every indirect acquisition beyond the thresholds will trigger an open offer
  - Certain indirect acquisition treated as direct acquisitions (80% test)
  - In certain other cases, additional disclosures mandated (15% test)



#### Offer Terms

- Minimum offer size regulated
  - offer at least to buy 26% of the voting capital
  - voluntary offer with minimum size of 10%
  - capped at maximum permissible limit Reg. 6
- Minimum offer price regulated
  - if shares are "frequently traded" recent market movements factored
    - if trading turnover during the preceding 12 calendar months is at least 10% of all shares
  - minimum offer price is the highest of:
    - Deal price
    - VWAP paid in the 52 weeks prior to PA
    - Highest price paid in the 26 weeks prior to PA
    - VWAP for 60 trading days prior to the PA if shares are frequently traded
- Infrequently traded shares and absence of price values, leads to determination by acquirer and merchant banker
  - SEBI may commission independent valuation



#### Offer Price

- Share acquisition price through whatever means paid to be part of the deal price
  - Structures like non-compete fees and consultancy fees would come under closer scrutiny
- Shareholders whose shares are accepted in an offer to be compensated for acquisitions at a higher price made in the next 26 weeks
- Price parameters denominated in foreign currency to be converted at exchange rates prevailing on the date preceding the PA
- Offer price to get adjusted for corporate actions



## Exemptions

- Differentiated between takeovers and creeping acquisitions
- Acquisitions between "qualifying parties"
  - Immediate relatives, promoters, shareholders who are PAC,
    company subsidiaries holding companies subject to common control
  - Three year holding
  - Not more than 25% premium to 60-trading day VWAP for frequently traded shares or valuation parameters for infrequently traded shares
  - Compliance with disclosure requirements
- Acquisition of voting rights arising out of preference shares



## Exemptions

- Mergers and Schemes of Arrangement
  - involving Target Company
  - not involving Target Company
    - components of cash and cash equivalents to be less than 25% of the consideration paid under the scheme
    - persons directly or indirectly holding 33% of the voting rights of the combined entity to be the same persons who held entire voting rights prior to the scheme
- Buy-back-induced increases exempted subject to conditions
  - Increase in shareholding not to result in change of control
  - Acquirer should not have voted in favour of the shareholders and board resolutions for the buy-back
  - Shareholder may decrease shareholding within 90 days to avoid an open offer obligation

# J. SAGAR ASSOCIATES advocates & solicitors

#### Offer Process

- An immediate short PA
- Specific timing provisions for specific triggering events
- Detailed public statement
- Letter of Offer
- Timelines linked to SEBI comments
  - deemed approval by SEBI with timeline
- Transaction timeline: 57 Business Days
- 'Tendering Period' concept introduced
- Post-offer PA introduced



### Other Aspects

- Open offer may be conditional and may be withdrawn if conditions are not met
  - if transaction is not acted upon, offer automatically withdrawn
- Target and subsidiaries to conduct business in ordinary course consistent with past practice
- Board to constitute independent committee
  - mandatory for committee to give recommendations
- Completion of acquisition and appointment of directors
  - provision of full consideration in cash in escrow
  - fulfillment of conditions subject to which offer has been made before appointment of directors
  - no appointment of directors pending competing offers



## Other Aspects

 Acquirer cannot appoint directors during the pendency of a conditional offer

- Competing offers to be made within specified timelines
- Acquisitions triggering an offer to be completed within 26 weeks from the expiry of the offer period

 Alienation of material assets not contemplated in offer documents to require a special resolution for two years



## Disclosure Obligations

- Reporting of acquisitions that cross 5%
- Reporting of every purchase and sale of 2% or more (where holding > 5%)
- Encumbrances to be reported
- Continuing disclosures by every person holding more than
  25% and by promoters
- Equity linked securities to be treated as shares for disclosure obligations



#### Penalties for Violation

- Failure to make open offer, disclose holding, paying consideration attracts penalty of higher of:
  - Rs. 250 million; or
  - three times the profits made out of such failure
- Directions under Takeover Code:
  - Forced open offer with interest for delay
  - Disgorging of securities / proceeds
  - Cancellation of allotment
  - Debarring access to capital market / dealing in securities
  - Fixing offer price for post-facto open offer
  - Forcible disinvestment



## **Delisting Regulations**

- Delisting Regulations govern taking a company away from the stock exchange
  - Voluntary Delisting
  - Compulsory Delisting
- Shareholders determine exit price
  - price at which maximum shares are tendered; AND
  - shares tendered take the holding to 90%
- "Reverse Book Building" electronically
  - exit price can be rejected
- Consideration may be paid only in cash
- Escrow of 100% of estimated purchase price



## Q&A

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